

Version 3.0

Revision Date 02/17/2016 Ref. 130000031356

This SDS adheres to the standards and regulatory requirements of the United States and may not meet the regulatory requirements in other countries.

SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Freon MO99 Refrigerant

Tradename/Synonym : MO99

ISCEON MO99[™]

R-438A

Product Grade/Type : ASHRAE Refrigerant number designation: R-438A

Product Use : Refrigerant, For professional users only.

Restrictions on use : Do not use product for anything outside of the above specified uses

Manufacturer/Supplier : The Chemours Company FC, LLC

1007 Market Street Wilmington, DE 19899 United States of America

Product Information : 1-844-773-CHEM (outside the U.S. 1-302-773-1000)

Medical Emergency : 1-866-595-1473 (outside the U.S. 1-302-773-2000)

Transport Emergency : CHEMTREC: +1-800-424-9300 (outside the U.S. +1-703-527-3887)

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Product hazard category

Gases under pressure Liquefied gas



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Label content

Pictogram :



Signal word : Warning

Hazardous warnings : Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Hazardous prevention

measures

: Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

Other hazards

Misuse or intentional inhalation abuse may lead to death without warning.

Vapours are heavier than air and can cause suffocation by reducing oxygen available for breathing.

Rapid evaporation of the liquid may cause frostbite.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component	CAS-No.	Concentration
Pentafluoroethane (HFC-125)	354-33-6	45 %
1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane (HFC-134a)	811-97-2	44.2 %



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Difluoromethane (HFC-32)	75-10-5	8.5 %
n-Butane (HC-600)	106-97-8	1.7 %
2-Methylbutane (HC-601a)	78-78-4	0.6 %

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. When symptoms

persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

Inhalation : Remove from exposure, lie down. Move to fresh air. Keep patient warm and at

rest. Artificial respiration and/or oxygen may be necessary. Consult a physician.

Skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15

minutes. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Consult a physician. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Treat for frostbite if necessary by

gently warming affected area.

Eye contact : In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15

minutes. Consult a physician if necessary.

Ingestion : Is not considered a potential route of exposure.

Most important

symptoms/effects, acute

and delayed

: Anaesthetic effects Light-headedness irregular heartbeat with a strange sensation in the chest, heart thumping, apprehension, feeling of fainting,

dizziness or weakness

Protection of first-aiders : If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective

equipment.



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Notes to physician : Because of possible disturbances of cardiac rhythm, catecholamine drugs,

such as epinephrine, that may be used in situations of emergency life support

should be used with special caution.

SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and

the surrounding environment.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: No applicable data available.

Specific hazards : Cylinders are equipped with pressure and temperature relief devices, but may

> still rupture under fire conditions. Decomposition may occur. Contact of welding or soldering torch flame with high concentrations of refrigerant can result in visible changes in the size and colour of the torch flame. This flame

effect will only occur in concentrations of product well above the

recommended exposure limit. Therefore stop all work and ventilate to disperse refrigerant vapors from the work area before using any open flames. This substance is not flammable in air at temperatures up to 100 deg. C (212 deg. F) at atmospheric pressure. However, mixtures of this substance with high concentrations of air at elevated pressure and/or temperature can become combustible in the presence of an ignition source. This substance can also become combustible in an oxygen enriched environment (oxygen concentrations greater than that in air). Whether a mixture containing this substance and air, or this substance in an oxygen enriched atmosphere become combustible depends on the inter-relationship of 1) the temperature 2) the pressure, and 3) the proportion of oxygen in the mixture. In general, this substance should not be allowed to exist with air above atmospheric pressure or at high temperatures; or in an oxygen enriched environment. For

example this substance should NOT be mixed with air under pressure for leak testing or other purposes. Experimental data have also been reported which

indicate combustibility of this substance in the presence of certain

concentrations of chlorine.



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Special protective equipment

for firefighters

: In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment. Wear neoprene gloves during cleaning up work after a

fire.

Further information : Cool containers/tanks with water spray. Water runoff should be contained

and neutralized prior to release.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

NOTE: Review FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES and HANDLING (PERSONNEL) sections before proceeding with clean-up. Use appropriate PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT during clean-up.

Safeguards (Personnel) : Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Ventilate area, especially low or enclosed

places where heavy vapours might collect.

Environmental precautions : Should not be released into the environment.

In accordance with local and national regulations.

Spill Cleanup : Evaporates.

Ventilate area using forced ventilation, especially low or enclosed places

where heavy vapors might collect.

Accidental Release Measures : Avoid open flames and high temperatures. Self-contained breathing

apparatus (SCBA) is required if a large release occurs.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling (Personnel) : Avoid breathing vapours or mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms. For personal

protection see section 8.

Handling (Physical Aspects) : Contact with chlorine or other strong oxidizing agents should also be avoided.

Dust explosion class : Not applicable



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Storage : Valve protection caps and valve outlet threaded plugs must remain in place

unless container is secured with valve outlet piped to use point. Do not drag, slide or roll cylinders. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement. Use a pressure reducing regulator when connecting cylinder to lower pressure (<3000 psig) piping or systems. Never attempt to lift cylinder by its cap. Use a check valve or trap in the discharge line to prevent hazardous back flow into

the cylinder. Cylinders should be stored upright and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over.

Separate full containers from empty containers. Keep at temperature not exceeding 52°C. Do not store near combustible materials. Avoid area where

salt or other corrosive materials are present.

The product has an indefinite shelf life when stored properly.

Storage period : > 10 yr

Storage temperature : < 52 °C (< 126 °F)

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering controls : Normal ventilation for standard manufacturing procedures is generally

adequate. Local exhaust should be used when large amounts are released. Mechanical ventilation should be used in low or enclosed places. Refrigerant Concentration monitors may be necessary to determine vapor concentrations in work areas prior to use of torches or other open flames, or if employees are

entering enclosed areas.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Under normal manufacturing conditions, no respiratory protection is required

when using this product.

Hand protection : Additional protection: Impervious gloves

Eye protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields. Additionally wear a face shield where

the possibility exists for face contact due to splashing, spraying or airborne

contact with this material.

Protective measures : Self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) is required if a large release

occurs.



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Exposure Guidelines
Exposure Limit Values

Pentafluoroethane (HFC-125) No applicable data available.

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane (HFC-134a) No applicable data available.

Difluoromethane (HFC-32) No applicable data available.

Butane (<0.1% butadiene)

TLV (ACGIH) 1,000 ppm STEL

2-Methylbutane

TLV (ACGIH) 1,000 ppm TWA

Pentafluoroethane

No applicable data available.

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane

No applicable data available.

Difluoromethane

No applicable data available.

Butane (<0.1% butadiene)

TLV (ACGIH) 1,000 ppm STEL

Safety Data Sheet



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SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance

Physical state : gaseous
Form : Liquefied gas
Color : colourless

Odor : slight, ether-like

Odor threshold : No applicable data available.

pH : neutral

Melting point/freezing point : Melting point/range

Not available for this mixture.

Boiling point/boiling range : Boiling point

-42.3 °C (-44.1 °F)

Flash point : does not flash

Evaporation rate : No applicable data available.

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable

Upper explosion limit : Method: None per ASTM E681

Lower explosion limit : Method: None per ASTM E681

Vapor pressure : 11,171 hPa at 25 °C (77 °F)

Vapor density : 3.5 at 25°C (77°F) and 1013 hPa (Air=1.0)

Specific gravity (Relative

density)

: 1.15 at 25 °C (77 °F)

Water solubility : No applicable data available.



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Solubility(ies) : No applicable data available.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: No applicable data available.

Auto-ignition temperature : No applicable data available.

Decomposition temperature : No applicable data available.

Viscosity, kinematic : No applicable data available.

Viscosity, dynamic : No applicable data available.

% Volatile : 100 %

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : No applicable data available.

Chemical stability : Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : The product is not flammable in air under ambient conditions of temperature

and pressure. When pressurised with air or oxygen, the mixture may become flammable. Certain mixtures of HCFCs or HFCs with chlorine may become

flammable or reactive under certain conditions.

Incompatible materials : No applicable data available.

Hazardous decomposition

products

Decomposition products are hazardous., This material can be decomposed by high temperatures (open flames, glowing metal surfaces, etc.) forming

hydrofluoric acid and possibly carbonyl fluoride., These materials are toxic

and irritating., Avoid contact with decomposition products

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Pentafluoroethane (HFC-125)



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Inhalation 4 h LC50 : > 800000 ppm , Rat

Inhalation No Observed

Adverse Effect

: 75000 ppm , Dog Cardiac sensitization

100000 ppm , Dog Cardiac sensitization

Concentration

Inhalation Low Observed

Adverse Effect

Concentration (LOAEC)
Skin sensitization

: Does not cause respiratory sensitisation., human

Repeated dose toxicity : Inhalation

Rat

gas

No toxicologically significant effects were found.

Carcinogenicity : Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

Overall weight of evidence indicates that the substance is not

carcinogenic.

Mutagenicity : Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects.

Evidence suggests this substance does not cause genetic damage in

cultured mammalian cells.

Did not cause genetic damage in cultured bacterial cells.

Reproductive toxicity : No toxicity to reproduction

Animal testing showed no reproductive toxicity.

Teratogenicity : Animal testing showed no developmental toxicity.

Further information : Cardiac sensitisation threshold limit : 490000 mg/m3

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane (HFC-134a)

Inhalation 4 h LC50 : > 567000 ppm, Rat

Inhalation No Observed

Adverse Effect Concentration

40000 ppm , Dog Cardiac sensitization

Inhalation Low Observed :

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80000 ppm , Dog Cardiac sensitization

Adverse Effect



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Concentration (LOAEC)

Skin irritation : No skin irritation, Rabbit

Eye irritation : No eye irritation, Rabbit

Skin sensitization : Does not cause skin sensitisation., Guinea pig

Does not cause respiratory sensitisation., Rat

Repeated dose toxicity : Inhalation

Rat

gas

NOAEL: 50000,

No toxicologically significant effects were found.

Carcinogenicity : Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

Overall weight of evidence indicates that the substance is not

carcinogenic.

Mutagenicity : Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects.

Tests on bacterial or mammalian cell cultures did not show mutagenic

effects.

Reproductive toxicity : No toxicity to reproduction

No effects on or via lactation

Animal testing showed no reproductive toxicity.

Teratogenicity : Animal testing showed no developmental toxicity.

Further information : Cardiac sensitisation threshold limit : 334000 mg/m3

Difluoromethane (HFC-32)

Inhalation 4 h LC50 : > 520000 ppm , Rat

Inhalation Low Observed

Adverse Effect

: > 350000 ppm , Dog Cardiac sensitization

Concentration (LOAEC)

Inhalation No Observed

: 350000 ppm , Dog Cardiac sensitization

Adverse Effect

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Concentration

Skin irritation : No skin irritation, Not tested on animals

Not expected to cause skin irritation based on expert review of the

properties of the substance.

Eye irritation : No eye irritation, Not tested on animals

Not expected to cause eye irritation based on expert review of the

properties of the substance.

Skin sensitization : Does not cause skin sensitisation., Not tested on animals

Not expected to cause sensitization based on expert review of the

properties of the substance.

There are no reports of human respiratory sensitization.

Repeated dose toxicity : Inhalation

Rat

-

No toxicologically significant effects were found.

Mutagenicity : Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects.

Tests on bacterial or mammalian cell cultures did not show mutagenic

effects.

Reproductive toxicity : No toxicity to reproduction

Animal testing showed no reproductive toxicity.

Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

Teratogenicity : Animal testing showed no developmental toxicity.

Further information : Cardiac sensitisation threshold limit : > 735000 mg/m3

n-Butane (HC-600)

Inhalation 4 h LC50 : 277018 ppm , Rat

Target Organs: Respiratory Tract, Central nervous system

Irritating to respiratory system.
Central nervous system depression

narcosis

Dermal : Not applicable



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> Oral Not applicable

Skin irritation No skin irritation, Not tested on animals

Not expected to cause skin irritation based on expert review of the

properties of the substance.

Eye irritation No eye irritation, Not tested on animals

Not expected to cause eye irritation based on expert review of the

properties of the substance.

Skin sensitization Not tested on animals

There are no reports of human skin sensitization. Not expected to

cause sensitization based on expert review of the properties of the

substance.

Repeated dose toxicity Inhalation

multiple species

No toxicologically significant effects were found.

Mutagenicity Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects.

2-Methylbutane (HC-601a)

Inhalation 4 h LC50 1,281.9 mg/l, Rat

Target Organs: Central nervous system Central nervous system depression

narcosis

Inhalation 4 h LC50 : 70000 ppm , Rat

Oral LD50 : > 2,000 mg/kg , Rat

Skin irritation slight irritation, human

Eye irritation No eye irritation, Rabbit

Skin sensitization Did not cause sensitisation on laboratory animals., Guinea pig

Repeated dose toxicity Inhalation



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Rat

-

No toxicologically significant effects were found.

Mutagenicity : Tests on bacterial or mammalian cell cultures did not show mutagenic

effects.

Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects.

Reproductive toxicity : No toxicity to reproduction

Animal testing showed no reproductive toxicity.

Teratogenicity : Animal testing showed no developmental toxicity.

Carcinogenicity

The carcinogenicity classifications for this product and/or its ingredients have been determined according to HazCom 2012, Appendix A.6. The classifications may differ from those listed in the National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens (latest edition) or those found to be a potential carcinogen in the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) Monographs (latest edition).

None of the components present in this material at concentrations equal to or greater than 0.1% are listed by IARC, NTP, or OSHA, as a carcinogen.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Aquatic Toxicity

Pentafluoroethane (HFC-125)

96 h LC50 : Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) 450 mg/l

Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

96 h ErC50 : Algae 142 mg/l

Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

72 h NOEC : Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae) 13.2 mg/l

Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

48 h EC50 : Daphnia magna (Water flea) 980 mg/l

Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.



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1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane (HFC-134a)

96 h LC50 : Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) 450 mg/l

96 h ErC50 : Algae 142 mg/l

Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

72 h NOEC : Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae) 13.2 mg/l

Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

48 h EC50 : Daphnia magna (Water flea) 980 mg/l

Difluoromethane (HFC-32)

96 h LC50 : Fish 1,507 mg/l

96 h EC50 : Algae 142 mg/l

48 h EC50 : Daphnia (water flea) 652 mg/l

30 d : NOEC Fish (unspecified species) 65.8 mg/l

n-Butane (HC-600)

96 h LC50 : Fish (unspecified species) > 1,000 mg/l

2-Methylbutane (HC-601a)

96 h LC50 : Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) 4.26 mg/l

72 h ErC50 : Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae) 25.12 mg/l

72 h ErC50 : Scenedesmus capricornutum (fresh water algae) 10.7 mg/l

72 h EbC50 : Scenedesmus capricornutum (fresh water algae) 7.51 mg/l

48 h EC50 : Daphnia magna (Water flea) 2.3 mg/l

28 d : NOEC Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) 7.6 mg/l

21 d : NOEC Daphnia magna (Water flea) 13.29 mg/l

Environmental Fate



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Difluoromethane (HFC-32)

Biodegradability : 5 % OECD Test Guideline 301D

Not readily biodegradable.

n-Butane (HC-600)

Biodegradability : 100 %

Readily biodegradable

2-Methylbutane (HC-601a)

Biodegradability : 71.43 %

Readily biodegradable

Bioaccumulation : Bioconcentration factor (BCF) : 171

Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods -

Product

: Can be used after re-conditioning. Recover by distillation or remove to a

permitted waste disposal facility. Comply with applicable Federal,

State/Provincial and Local Regulations.

Contaminated packaging : Empty pressure vessels should be returned to the supplier.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT UN number : 1078

Proper shipping name : Refrigerant gases, n.o.s. (1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane,

Pentafluoroethane)

Class : 2.2 Labelling No. : 2.2 Reportable Quantity : 10 lbs

IATA_C UN number : 1078



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IMDG

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Proper shipping name : Refrigerant gas, n.o.s. (1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane,

Pentafluoroethane)

Class : 2.2

Labelling No. : 2.2 UN number : 1078

Proper shipping name : REFRIGERANT GAS, N.O.S. (1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane,

Pentafluoroethane)

Class : 2.2 Labelling No. : 2.2

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

SARA 313 Regulated

Chemical(s)

: This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established

by SARA Title III, Section 313.

PA Right to Know

Regulated Chemical(s)

: Substances on the Pennsylvania Hazardous Substances List present at a concentration of 1% or more (0.01% for Special Hazardous Substances):

Butane (<0.1% butadiene), Difluoromethane

NJ Right to Know

Regulated Chemical(s)

: Substances on the New Jersey Workplace Hazardous Substance List present

at a concentration of 1% or more (0.1% for substances identified as carcinogens, mutagens or teratogens): Butane (<0.1% butadiene),

Difluoromethane

CERCLA Reportable

Quantity

: 4301 lbs

Based on the percentage composition of this chemical in the product.:

Chloropentafluoroethane

California Prop. 65 : Chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or

any other harm: none known

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION



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