

Rational Analysis: Worst case is - 24 (Chassis 9) 157-3/4" x 86-3/8" x 57-3/8" tall

Design Pressures complying to FBC Building 1620.6 (HVHZ): V = 186 mph (Risk Cat. III), For Exp.Cat. "D" and Z = 65 ft, K, $q_s = .00256$ K, $K_BK_dV^2 = 106.01$ lb/ft² Design Lateral Pressure = $W_L(0.6) = 197.18 \text{ lb/}\Omega^2$ Factoring in the required Load Combination factor (0.6): Uplift Wind Pressure = $U_L = q_1(1.5) = 159.02 \text{ lb/ft}^3$ Wind Pressure = $W_1 = q_2(3.1) = 328.64 \text{ lb/ft}^3$ end Z = 65 ft, $K_s = 1.33$, $K_{rt} = 1.0$, $K_d = 0.90$

Design Uplift Pressure = $U_L(0.6) = 95.41 \text{ lb/ft}^3$

panel from the machine. The design lateral pressure which is considered to act toward the windward surface is recognized to be a combination of the pressures acting on the windward and leeward surfaces. Wall pressure coefficients from ASCE7-16, Chapter 27, Figure 27.3-1 may be used to distribute the Design Lateral Pressure into positive and negative components acting on the windward and Since positive pressure acts toward the surface being considered and negative pressure acts away, only the uplift pressure will remove a

L/B = 86.375/157.75 = 0.55 for wind on long (157-3/4") side L/B = 157.75/86.375 = 1.83 for wind on short (86-3/8") side

Worst case positive pressure coefficient is 0.8 for windward wall which has a corresponding negative pressure coefficient of 0.5 on the leeward wall. The worst case negative pressure coefficient is 0.7 for the sidewall (side parallel to wind). Since the windward and leeward wall pressures act in the same direction, the distibuted pressures are computed as follows:

Lateral Positive Design Pressure = $197.18 (0.8)/(0.8 + 0.5) = 121.34 \text{ lb/ft}^2$ (Worst Case Positve) Lateral Negative Design Pressure = $197.18 (0.5)/(0.8 + 0.5) = 75.84 \text{ lb/ft}^2$ (Worst Case Negative) Sidewall Negative Design Pressure = $197.18 (0.7)/(0.8 + 0.5) = 106.17 \text{ lb/ft}^2$ (Worst Case Negative)

22, 20, and 18 ga. penels and columns are fastened together and to 16 ga. base rails using #10 serrated washer head self tapping screws having 0.425" head diameter, 0.19" nominal diameter, and 0.14 minor diameter. These screws are expected to exhibit the following properties based upon ICC-ES Report ESR-2196:

Shear Strength in 22 ga. = 684 lbs (ultimate) Pullover Strength of 22 ga. = 828 lbs (ultimate) Pullout Strength in 22 ga. = 306 lbs (ultimate)

Pullover Strength of 20 ga. = 993 lbs (ultimate) Shear Strength in 20 ga. = 684 lbs (ultimate) Pullout Strength in 20 ga. = 351 lbs (ultimate)

Shear Strength in 16 ga. = 927 lbs (ultimate) Pullout Strength in 18 ga. = 450 lbs (ultimate)

For Top Panel Assembly (50HE500275 and 50HE500276 joined using 6 screws):

85.0" x 82.5" draw formed 20 ga. assembly anchored at edges and through top to 16 ga. center panel, 18 ga, end panel assembly, 20 ga. side panels, and 18 ga. control box. This portion is over air handler section and is worst case since condenser section has three large holes in the top causing internal and external pressure to be equal.

Load = 48.70 (95.41) = 4646.3 lbs

For 8 (min) screws each 85.0" side into 18 ga. (min) panels and 12 screws each 82.5" side into 20 ga. (min) side panels,

Screw Load = 4646.3/2(8 + 12) = 116.2 lbs

Safety Factor = 684/116.2 = 5.9 OK $A = 85.0(82.5)/12(12) = 48.70 \text{ ft}^2$

For End Panel Assembly (50HE 500719 and 50HE 500762 joined together using 7 screws): 73.0" x 53.5" draw formed 18 ga. panel anchored at edges with 5 screws through

face into 22 ga. (min) corner posts, and 5 screws at 3/8" inch above bottom edge through panel into base rail

Load = 27.12(106.17) = 2879.5 lbs Screw Load = 2879.5/2(5+5) = 143.97 lbs $A = 73.0(53.5)(12(12) = 27.12 \text{ ft}^2$ Safety Factor = 306/143.97 = 2.1 OK for Components and Cladding

53.30" x 25.61" draw formed 22 ga. panel anchored with 3 screws through face each vertical side, 2 screws through face at bottom edge into 16 ga. base rail, and top edge fits inside top panel (trapped).

Overturning Moment = 11454.9(53.625)/2 = 307135 in-lb A = 53.5(26.4)/12(12) = 9.81 ft³ Load = 9.81(106.17) = 1041.4 lbs Screw Load = 1041.4/2(3 + 3) = 86.78 lbs 12 screws each long side fasten frame posts and 20 ga. (min) panels to the long 16 ga. b base rail at air handler end. Opposite end is louvered and has a large opening in the top Lateral Wind Area = A_L = 156.0(53.625)/12(12) = 58.09 ft³ Lateral Design Load = 58.09(197.18) = 11454.9 lbs Remaining panels are trivial cases of the above due to greater fastener quantity or having openings that limit negative pressure effects For connection of upper frame and panels to base rails: Safety Factor = 306/86.78 = 3.5

OK for Components and Cl

Uplift Wind Area = A_U = 156.0(85.0)/12(12) = 92.08 ft² Uplift Design Load = 92.08(95.41) = 8785.7 lbs

Screw Load = (307135 + 373391)/(16 + 8)(85.0) = 333.6 lbs (shear) OK for Components and Cla

Unit itself will withstand wind loads imposed by 197.18 psf lateral and 95.41 psf uplift design pressures provided the 16 gage galvanized base rails are properly fastened to a suitable slab, stand, curb, curb adapter, or other suitable mounting arrangement and all factory supplied assembly fasteners are in place.

For connection of unit base rails to properly designed curb, metal stand, or structural concrete (by others): Lateral Wind Area = A_L = 157.75(57.375)/12(12) = 62.85ft? Lateral Design Load = 62.85(197.18) = 12393.5 lbs Overturning Moment = 12393.5(57.375)/2 = 355537 in-lb Uplift Wind Area = A_M = 157.75(86.375)/12(12) = 94.6 ft² Uplift Design Load = 94.6(95.41) = 0.6(2248) = 7679.1 lbs Uplift Moment = 7679.1(76.875)/2 = 295167 in-1b

For connection of 16 ga. (min) straps, clips, or brackets spaced 30" min apart to unit base rails on long sides using 1/4" (#14) self-drilling

Shear Strength in 16 ga. = 1389 lbs (ultimate) Pullout Strength in 16 ga. = 573 lbs (ultimate)

Using 4 screws per strap, clip, or bracket, with 5 straps, clips, or brackets each long side
Screw Load = (355337 + 295167)/5(4)(86.375) = 376.7 lbs (shear) at base rail outer surface
Safety Factor = 1389/376.7 = 3.7

OK for Components and Cladding

ga. (min) curb (by others): For 5 Z-Brackets each long side similar to Micrometi design but modified to elimin ate hidden structural fasteners

Shear Strength in 18 ga. = 1218 lbs (ultimate)

Screw Load = (355537 + 295167)/5(4)(76.875) = 423.2 lbs (shear) at curb inside surface Safety Factor = 1218/423.2 = 2.9OK for Components and Cladding

(5) brackets each side: Anchor Load = (355537 + 295167)/15(87.125) = 497.9 lbs (tension) Anchor Load = 12393.5/20 = 619.7 lbs (shear) at 3/4" beyond base rail outer surface For Brackets 3.25-4.13" wide x 2" x 2-1/2" , 16 ga. (min), spaced 24" (min) on cen er each long side, Using (3) screws per bracket,

For 3/8" SAE Gr. 5 bolts with nuts and washers to steel (by others).

Safety Factor = 1937/619.7 = 3.1 (shear)

safety Factor = 3720/497.9 = 7.5 (tension)

(min) edge distance, and 2-1/2" (min) concrete (by others), 4" (min) thick, 2-

Safety Factor = 3100/619.7 = 5.0 (shear)

Safety: Factor = 3000/746.9 = 4.0 (tension)

Chassis 6, 7, 8, and 9 Job No.: **S2** 01/11/21 Date: Title **Model List and Details** Created by: J. Buerosse

Bryant Rooftop Units

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base rails. 8 screws fasten inside panel to short