

BRYANT Chassis 1.& 2:

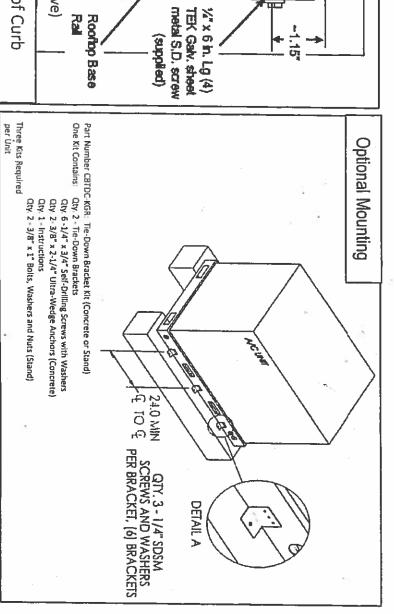
582J/559J, 581J/551J and 549J - size 04(min) through 06 (max) Models: 580J/558J, 559K and 548J - size 04 (min) through 07(max)

grade. Worst case is -07 (chassis 2)  $74-3/8" \times 46-3/4" \times 41-3/8"$  tall. Each package unit air conditioner listed above conforms to the Florida Buildi III/IV (V = 186 MPH), exposure category "D", and installation height up to and (2017) requirements for installation including High Velocity Hurricane Zone (HVHZ), Risk Category ng Code 6th Edition including 65 feet above

ALLOWABLE DESIGN PRESSURES FOR THE UNIT ITSELF:

Design Uplift Pressure = 95.41 lb/ft<sup>2</sup> Design Lateral Pressure = 197.18 lb/ft<sup>2</sup>

curb adapter, or other suitable mounting arrangement and all factory supplied assembly fasteners are pressures provided the 16 gage galvanized base rails are properly fastened to a suitable slab, curb, Unit itself will withstand wind loads imposed by 197.18 PSF lateral and 95.41 PSF uplift design



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APR/0 5 2019

Job No.: Bryant Rooftop Units Job No. Chase 1 &2 **S1** Date: Title Model List and Details Created by: J. Buerosse

John Buerosse, P.E., P.A Structural and Mechanical Engineering

750 E. Sample Road - Bldg. 3 - #220 Pompano Beach, FL 33064 Tel: 954-633-4692 Fax: 954-784-004

Rational Analysis: Worst case is -07 (Chassis 2) 74-3/8" x 46-3/4" x 41-3/8"

Lateral Wind Pressure = WL = qz(3.1) = 328.64 lb/ft2Uplift Wind Pressure = UL = qz(1.5) = 159.02 lb/ft2Factoring in the required Load Combination factor (0.6): Design Pressures complying to FBC Building 1620.6 (HVHZ): V = 186 mph (Risk Cat. III/IV), For Exp.Cat. "D" and Z = 65 ft, qz = .00256KzKztKdV2 = 106.01 lb/ft2

Design Lateral Pressure = WL(0.6) = 197.18 lb/ft2 Design Uplift Pressure = UL(0.6) = 95.41 lb/ft2

Since positive pressure acts toward the surface being considered and negative pressure acts away, only the uplift pressure will remove a panel from the machine. The design lateral pressure which is considered to act toward the windward surface is recognized to be a combination of the pressures acting on the windward and leeward surfaces. Wall pressure coefficients from ASCE7-10, Chapter 27, Figure 27.4-1 may be used to distribute the Design Lateral Pressure into positive and negative componenets acting on the windward and leeward surfaces, respectively.

L/B = 46.75/74.375 = 0.63 for wind on long (74-3/8") side L/B = 74.375/46.75 = 1.59 for wind on short (46-3/4") side

Worst case positive pressure coefficient is 0.8 for windward wall which has a corresponding negative pressure coefficient of 0.5 on the leeward wall. The worst case negative pressure coefficient is 0.7 for the sidewall (side parallel to wind). Since the windward and leeward wall pressures act in the same direction, the distibuted pressures are computed as follows:

Lateral Positive Design Pressure = 197.18 (0.8) / (0.8 + 0.5) = 121.34 lb/ft2 (Worst Case Positive) Lateral Negative Design Pressure = 197.18 (0.5) / (0.8 + 0.5) = 75.84 lb/ft2 (Worst Case Negative) Sidewall Negative Design Pressure = 197.18 (0.7) / (0.8 + 0.5) = 106.17 lb/ft2 (Worst Case Negative)

22 ga. panels and columns are fastened together and to 16 ga. base rails using #10 serrated washer head self piercing screws having 0.425" head diameter, 0.19" nominal diameter, and 0.14 minor diameter. These screws are expected to exhibit the following properties based upon ICC-ES Report ESR-2196: 5

Pullout Strength in 22 ga. = 306 lbs (ultimate)
Pullover strength of 22 ga. = 828 lbs (ultimate)
Shear Strength in 22 ga. = 684 lbs (ultimate)

Pullout Strength in 16 ga. = 450 lbs (ultimate – Shear Strength in 16 ga. = 927 lbs (ultimate – b lbs (ultimate – based upon 18 g)

For Top Panel (48TC500235):

equal. For portion tributary to air handling section: 73.6" x 45" draw formed panel anchored at edges and through top to center panel and control box. Worst case portion over air handler section since condenser section has a large hole in the top causing internal and external pressure to be

A = 45(38.6)/12(12) = 12.06 ft2 Load = 12.06 (95.41) = 1150.9 lbs For outside edge (7 screws, all in shear), screw load = 1150.9/2(7) = 82.2 lbs Safety Factor = 684/82.2 = 8.3 For inside edge (8 screws, 4 in tension), screw load = 1150.9/2(8) = 71.9 lbs Safety Factor = 306/71.9 = 4.3 OK Sheet 5

For Inside Panel (50HJ540465):

44.84" x 37.53" draw formed panel anchored at edges with 5 screws through face at top and bottom and 5 screws each vertical edge through flange perpendicular to face (10 screws in tension, 10 screws in shear).

A = 44.84(37.53)/ 12(12) = 11.69 sqft Load = 11.69(106.17) = 1240.7 lbs Screw Load = 1240.7/20 = 62.04 lbs Safety Factor = 306/62.04 = 4.9 S

edge and top edge fits inside top panel 33.5" x 36.5" draw formed panel anchored with 2 screws through face each vertical side, 3 screws through face at bottom

A = 33.5(36.5)/12(12) = 8.49 sqft Load = 8.49(106.17) = 901.5 lbs Screw Load = 901.5/2(5) = 90.15 lbs Safety Factor = 306/90.15 = 3.4

OK for Components and Cladding

bottom edge and top edge fits inside top panel (trapped). For Access Panel (48TM500345): 12.13" x 37.3" draw formed panel anchored with 1 screw through face ea ch vertical side, I screw through face at

A = 12.13(37.3)/12(12) = 3.14 sqft Load = 3.14(106.17) = 333.6 lbs Screw Load = 333.6/2(3) = 55.60 lbs Safety Factor = 306/55.60 = 5.5 OK for Components and Cladding

Remaining panels are trivial cases of the above due to greater fastener quantity or having openings that limit

For connection of upper frame and panels to base rails:

12 screws each long side fasten frame columns and panels to the long base short base rail at air handler end. Opposite end is louvered and has a large cooling coils. Screws fasten 22 ga. panels and columns to 16 ga. base rai base e rails. 5 screws fasten inside panel opening in the top and mesh over

Lateral Wind Area = AL = 73.6(37.53)/12(12) = 19.18 sqft Lateral Design Load = 19.18(197.18) = 3782 lbs Overturning Moment = 3782(37.53)/2 = 70975 in-lb

Uplift Wind Area = AU = 73.6(45)/12(12) = 23.0 sqftUplift Design Load = 23.0(95.41) = 2194 lbsUplift Moment = 2194(45)/2 = 49375 in-lb

Screw Load = (70975 + 49375)/12(45) = 222.9 lbs (shear) Safety Factor = 927/222.9 = 4.2 OK

Unit itself will withstand wind loads imposed by 197.18 psf lateral and 95.41 psf upli the 16 gage galvanized base rails are properly fastened to a suitable slab, stand, curb, mounting arrangement and all factory supplied assembly fasteners are in place. 41 psf uplift design pressures provided and, curb, curb adapter, or other suitable

For connection of unit base rails to properly designed curb, metal stand, or structural concrete (by others):

Lateral Wind Area = AL = 74.375(41.375)/12(12) = 21.37 sqft

Lateral Design Load = 21.37(197.18) = 4214 lbs

Overturning Moment = 4214(41.375)/2 = 87,172 in-lb

Uplift Wind Area = AU = 74.375(46.75)/12(12) = 24.15 sqft

Uplift Design Load = 24.15(95.41) - 0.6(607) = 1940 lbs

Uplift Moment = 1940(46.75)/2 = 45,348 in-lb

For connection of 16 ga. (min) straps, clips, or brackets spaced using 1/4" (#14) self-drilling screws: min apart to unit base rails on long sides

These screws are expected to exhibit the following Pullout Strength in 16 ga. = 573 lbs (ultimate) Shear Strength in 16 ga. = 1389 lbs (ultimate) properties based upon ICC - ES Report ESR - 1976

Job No.: Bryant Rooftop Units

Model List and Details

Using (3) screws per strap, clip, or bracket, with (3) straps, clips, or brackets each long side: Screw Load = (87,172+45,348)/3(3)(46.75) = 315.0 lbs (shear) at base rail outer surface Safety Factor = 1389/315.0 = 4.4 OK for Components and Cladding

For Z-Brackets similar to Micrometl design but modified to eliminate h ga. (min) curb (by others): idden structural fasteners anchored

Shear Strength in 18 ga. = 1218 lbs (ultimate) Screw Load = (87172 + 45348)/3(3)(42.69) = 344.9 lbs (shear) at curb Safety Factor = 1218/344.9 = 3.5 OK for Components and Cladding Sul ide surface

Chase 1 &2

J. Buerosse

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For quantity (3) brackets 3.25" wide x 2" x 2-1/2", 16 ga. (min), spaced 24.0" (min) on-center into base rails, Using (3) screws per bracket, (3) brackets each long side: Anchor Load = (87172 + 45348)/3(47.5) = 930.0 lbs (tension) Anchor Load = 4214/6 = 702.3 lbs (shear) at 3/4" beyond baserail outer surf

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**S2** 

For 3/8" SAE Gr. 5 bolts with nuts and washers to steel (by others): Safety Factor = 3720/930.0 = 4.0 (tension) OK Safety Factor = 3720/930.0 = 4.0 (tension) Safety Factor = 1937/702.3 = 2.8 (shear)

For 3/8" Powers Wedge-Bolt + anchors with 2-1/8" (min) embedment into others), 4" (min) thick, 2-3/4" (min) edge distance, and 2-1/2" (min) space Safety Factor = 3000/930.0 = 3.2 (tension)

OK

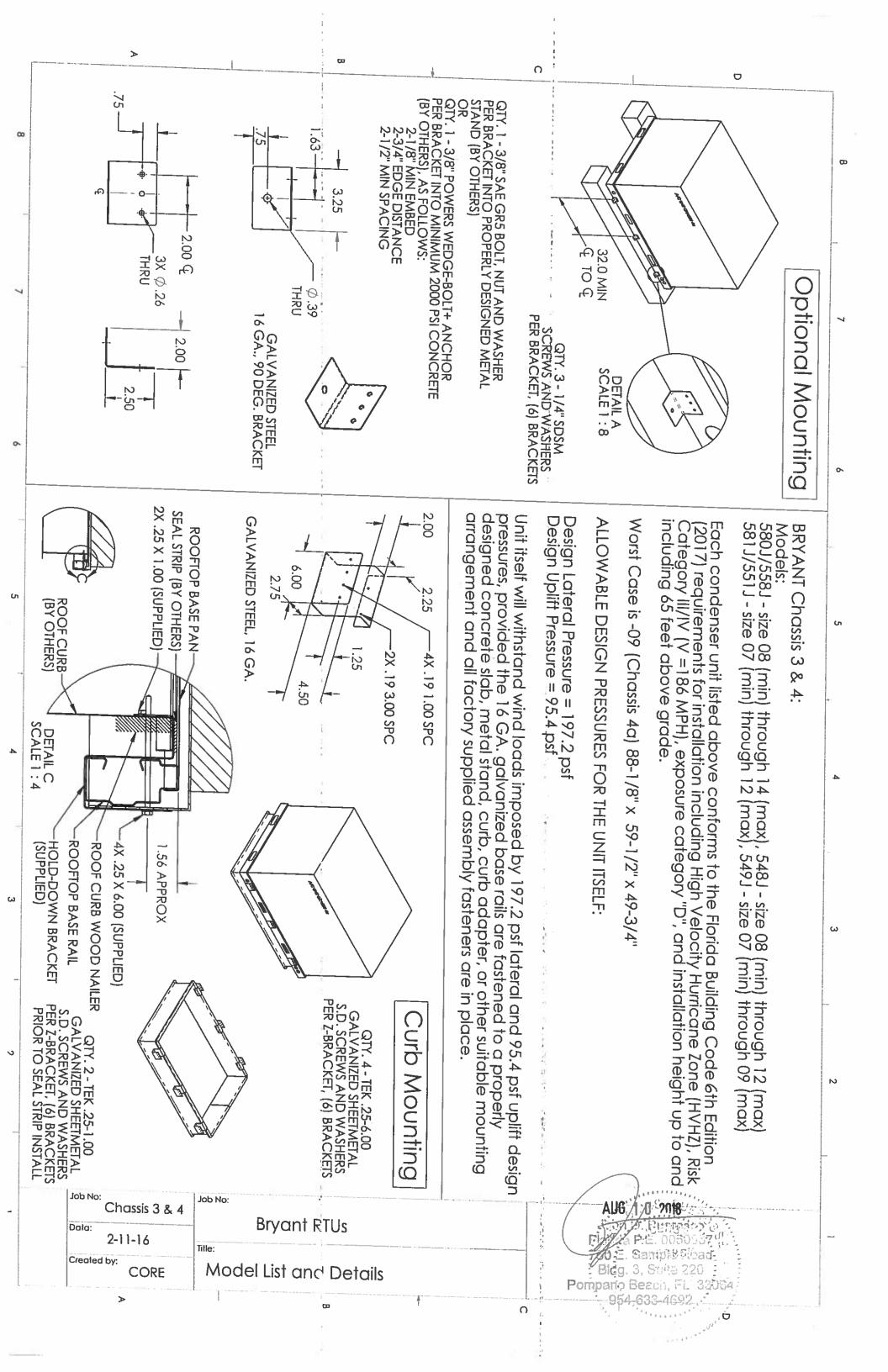
Safety Factor = 3100/702.3 = 4.4 (shear)

OK to 2000 psi (min) concrete (by

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Crepose.



Design Pressures complying to FBC Building 1620.6 (HVHZ): V = 186 mph (Risk Cat. III/IV), For Exp.Cat. "D" and Z = 65 ft, Kz = 1.33, Kzt = 1.0, Kd = 0.90 Qz = .00256KzKztKdV2 = 106.0 psf

Lateral Wind Pressure = WL = qz(3.1) = 328.64 lb/R2 Uplift Wind Pressure = UL = qz(1.5) = 159.02 lb/R2 Factoring in the required Load Combination factor (0.6):

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Design Uplift Pressure = UL(0.6) = 95.4 psfDesign Lateral Pressure = WL(0.6) = 197.2 psf

componenets acting on the windward and leeward surfaces, respectively. will remove a panel from the machine. The design lateral pressure which is considered to act toward the windward surface is recognized to be a combination of the pressures acting on the windward and leeward surfaces. Wall pressure coefficients from ASCE7-10, Chapter 27, Figure 27.4-1 may be used to distribute the Design Lateral Pressure into positive and negative Since positive pressure acts toward the surface being considered and negative pressure acts away, only the uplift pressure

L/B = 59.5/88.125 = 0.68 for wind on long (88-1/8") side L/B = 88.125/59.5 = 1.48 for wind on short (59-1/2") side

Worst case positive pressure coefficient is 0.8 for windward wall which has a corresponding negative pressure coefficient of 0.5 on the leeward wall. The worst case negative pressure coefficient is 0.7 for the sidewall (side parallel to wind). Since the windward and leeward wall pressures act in the same direction, the distibuted pressures are computed as follows:

Lateral Positive Design Pressure = 197.18 (0.8) / (0.8 + 0.5) = 121.3 psf (Worst Case Positive)Lateral Negative Design Pressure = 197.18 (0.5) / (0.8 + 0.5) = 75.8 psfSidewall Negative Design Pressure = 197.18 (0.7) / (0.8 + 0.5) = 106.2 psf (Worst Case Negative)

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22, 20, and 18 ga. panels and columns are fastened together and to 16 ga. base rails using #10 serrated washer head self tapping screws having 0.425" head diameter, 0.19" nominal diameter, and 0.14 minor diameter. These screws are expecto exhibit the following properties based upon ICC-ES Report ESR-2196: These screws are expected

Pullout Strength in 22 ga. = 306 lbs (ultimate) Pullout Strength in 20 ga. = 351 lbs (ultimate) Pullover Strength of 22 ga. = 828 lbs (ultimate) Pullover Strength of 20 ga. = 993 lbs (ultimate) Shear Strength in 22 ga. = 684 lbs (ultimate) Shear Strength in 20 ga. = 684 lbs (ultimate) Pullout Strength in 18 ga. = 450 lbs (ultimate) Shear Strength in 16 ga. = 927 lbs (ultimate) Strength in 16 ga. = 927 lbs (ultimate)

For Top Panel (50HJ501228): 87.32" x 57.68" draw formed 2(

87.32" x 57.68" draw formed 20 ga. panel anchored at edges and through top to 18 ga. center panel and 20 ga. control box. Worst case portion is over air handler section since condenser section has two large holes in the top causing internal and external pressure to be equal. For portion tributary to air handling section:

A = 42.86(57.68)/12(12) = 17.17 sqft
Load = 17.17 (95.41) = 1638.0 lbs

For outside edge (8) screws, all in shear through 20 ga. top panel into 22 ga. indoor panel and corner posts:

Screw Load = 1638.0/2(8) = 102.4 lbs
Safety Factor = 684/102.4 = 6.7

OK for Components and Cladding OK for Components and Cladding

For inside edge (5) screws in tension through 20 ga. top panel into 18 ga. center panel and 4 screws in shear through top

panel into 22 ga. center posts: Screw Load = 1638.0/2(9) = 91.0 lbs Safety Factor = 684/91.0 = 7.5

OK for Components and Cladding

For Inside Panel (50DK500689):

57.56" x 45.49" draw formed 22 ga. panel anchored at edges with 6 screws through top panel into face at top, 5 screws e vertical edge through flange perpendicular to face, and 6 screws at one inch above bottom edge through panel into base 1 and 4 screws between supply and return openings into stiffener (50DK502637) fastened to condensing coil. , 5 screws each

A = 57.56(45.49)/ 12(12) = 18.18 ft2 Load = 18.18(106.17) = 1930.5 lbs Screw Load = 1930.5/2(5+6) = 87.75 lbs

Safety Factor = 450/87.75 = 5.1

A = 45.33(42.95)/12(12) = 13.52 sqft Load = 13.52(106.17) = 1435.4 lbs Screw Load = 1435.4/2(2 + 3) = 143.54 lbs Safety Factor = 684/143.54 = 4.8

OK for Components and Cladding

For Access Panel (48TM500388):
45.33" x 42.95" draw formed 22 ga. panel anchored with 2 screws through fabottom edge into 16 ga. base rail, and top edge fits inside top panel (trapped) ga. panel anchored with 2 screws through face each vertical side, 3 screws through face at

for Components and l Cladding

For Filter Panel (50DK506970): 40.40" x 21.62" draw formed 20 g

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top panel (trapped). 20 ga. panel anchored with 3 screws through face at bottom edge and top edge fits inside

A = 40.40(21.62)/12(12) = 6.12 sqft Load = 6.12(106.17) = 649.8 lbs Screw Load = 649.8/2(3) = 108.32 lbs Safety Factor = 684/108.32 = 6.3

OK for Components and Cladding

Remaining panels are trivial cases of the above due to greater fastener quantity pressure effects. or having openings that limit negative

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For connection of upper frame and panels to base rails:

base rail at air handler end. Opposite end is louvered and has a large Screws fasten 22 ga. (min) panels and columns to 16 ga. base rails. 12 screws each long side fasten frame columns and panels to the long base rails. 6 screws fasten in the top and mesh

Overturning Moment = 5455(45.63)/2 = 124443 in-lb Uplift Wind Area = AU = 87.32(57.68)/12(12) = 34.9 Uplift Design Load = 34.98(95.41) = 3337 lbs Lateral Wind Area = AL = 87.32(45.63)/12(12) =Lateral Design Load = 27.67(197.18) = 545527.67 sqft

Screw Load = (124443 + 96242)/12(57.68) = 318.8 lbs (shear) Safety Factor = 927/318.8 = 2.9

Uplift Moment = 3337(57.68)/2 = 96242 in-lb

OK for Com

ponents and Cladding

Unit itself will withstand wind loads imposed by 197.18 psf lateral and 95.41 psf up gage galvanized base rails are properly fastened to a suitable slab, stand, curb, curb arrangement and all factory supplied assembly fasteners are in place. uplift design pressures

For connection of unit base rails to properly designed curb, metal stand, or Lateral Wind Area = AL = 88.125(49.375)/12(12) = 30.22 ft2

Lateral Design Load = 30.22(197.18) = 5958 lbs

Overturning Moment = 5958(49.375)/2 = 147090 in-lb structural concrete (by others):

Uplift Wind Area = AU = 88.125(59.5)/12(12) = 36.41 ft Uplift Design Load = 36.41(95.41) - 0.6(845) = 2697 lbs Uplift Moment = 2697(59.5)/2 = 88272 in-lb

For connection of 16 ga. (min) straps, clips, or brackets spaced 32" min apart to unit base rails on long sides using 1/4" (#14) self-drilling screws:
Pullout Strength in 16 ga. = 573 lbs (ultimate)

Shear Strength in 16 ga. = 1389 lbs (ultimate)

Using (3) screws per strap, clip, or bracket, with (3) straps, clips, or brackets each Screw Load = (147090 + 88272)/3(3)(59.5) = 439.5lbs (shear) at base rail outer Safety Factor = 1389/439.5 = 3.2 OK long side (see sheet surface

to 18 ga. (min) curb (by others): For Z-brackets similar to Micrometl design but modified to eliminate hidden structural fasteners anchored

Shear Strength in 18 ga. = 1218 lbs (ultimate)

Screw Load = (147090 + 88272)/3(4)(49.75) = 394.2 lbs (shear) at curb inside su Safety Factor = 1218/394.2 = 3.1 OK for OK for Components and Cladding

For brackets 3.25" wide x 2" x 2-1/2", 16 ga. (min), spaced 32" (min) on-center each long side, Using (3) screws per bracket, (3) brackets each side:

Anchor Load = (147090 + 88272)/3(60.25) = 1302.2 lbs (tension) Anchor Load = 5958/6 = 993.0 lbs (shear) at 3/4" beyond base rail outer surface

For 3/8" SAE Gr. 5 bolts with nuts and washers to steel (by others): Safety Factor = 3720/1302.2 = 2.9 (tension)

For 3/8" Powers Wedge-Bolt + anchors with 2-1/8" (min) embedment into 2000 others), 4" (min) thick, 2-3/4" (min) edge distance, and 2-1/2" (min) spacing: 0 psi (min) concrete (by

Safety Factor = 3000/1302.2 = 2.3 (tension)

Created by:

Data:

Chassis 3 & 4

CORE

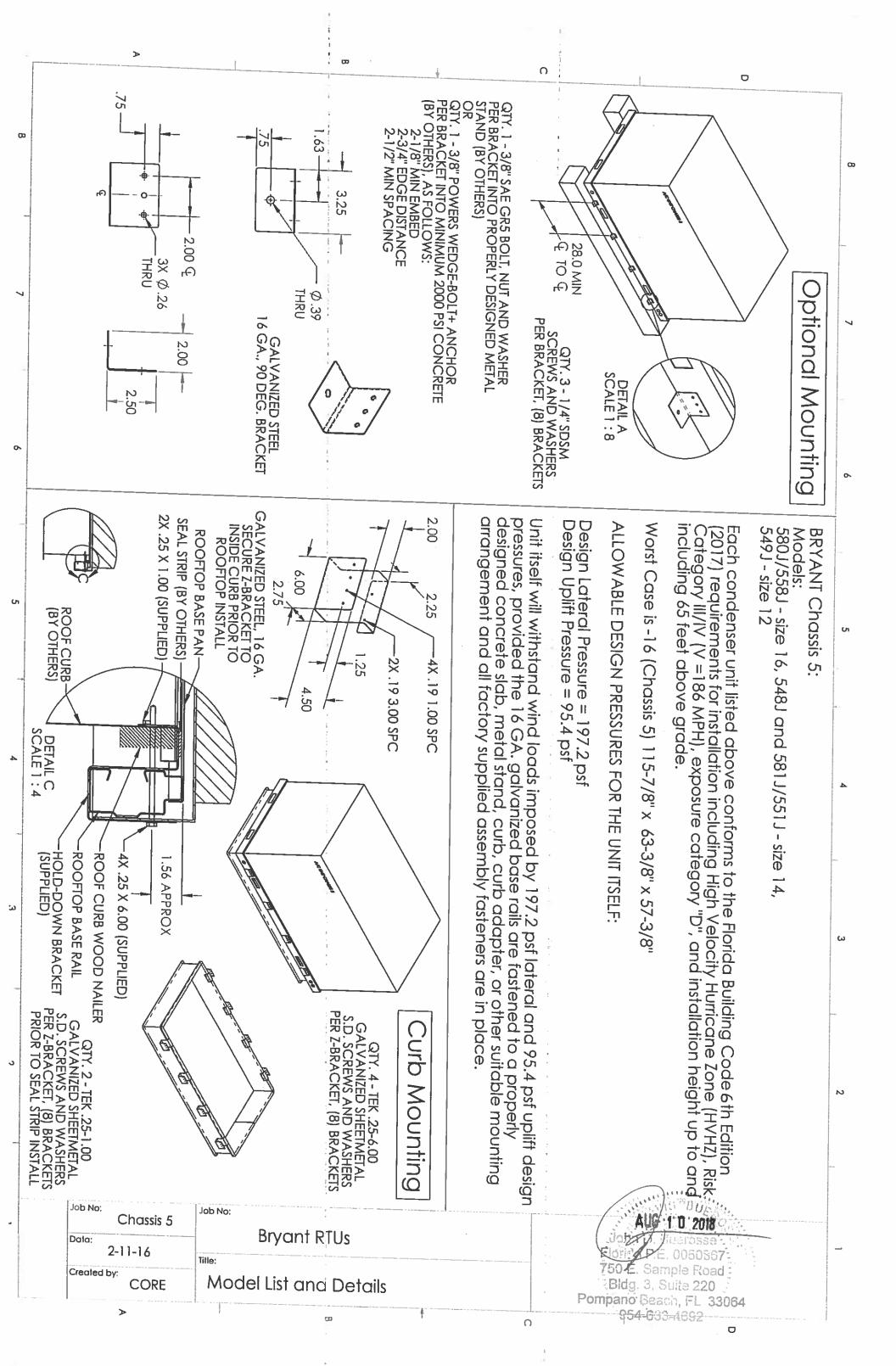
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Bryant RTUs

Model List and Details

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For outside edge (9 screws, all in shear through 20 ga. top panel into 22 ga. indoor panel and corner posts): Screw Load = 2261.9/2(9) = 125.7 lbs in the top causing internal and external A = 61.61(55.41)/12(12) = 23.70 sqftSafety Factor = 684/125.7 = 5.4 OK Load = 23.70 (95.41) = 2261.9 lbspressure to be equal. For portion tributary to air handling section:

through top panel into 22 ga. center posts): Screw Load = 2261.9/2(12) = 94.2 lbs Safety Factor = 684/94.2 = 7.3For inside edge (8 screws in tension through 20 ga. top panel into 16 ga. center panel and 4 screws in shear

OK for Components and Cladding

For Inside Panel (50TM500063):

61.5" x 53.42" draw formed 22 ga. panel anchored at edges with 7 screws through top panel into face at top, 6 screws each vertical edge through flange perpendicular to face, and 6 screws at 7/16 inch above bottom edge through panel into base rail, and 5 screws between supply and return openings into stiffener (50TM500058) fastened to condensing coil.

A = 61.5(53.42)/12(12) = 22.81 sqft

Load = 22.81(106.17) = 2422.2 lbs

Screw Load = 2422.2/2(6+6) = 100.93 lbs

Safety Factor = 450/100.93 = 4.5

OK for Components and Cladding

For Access Panels (50TM500062): 53.30" x 25.61" draw formed 22 ga. panel anchored with 3 screws through face each vertical side, 2 screws through face at bottom edge into 16 ga. base rail, and top edge fits inside top panel (trapped). A = 53.30(25.61)/12(12) = 9.48 sqft

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 $_{\text{oad}} = 9.48(106.17) = 1006.4 \text{ lbs}$ Screw Load = 1006.4/2(2+3) = 100.64 lbs Safety Factor = 306/100.64 = 3.0

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For Access Panel Assembly(50TM500086 and 50TM500061):

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53.0" x 53.30" assembly of draw formed 20 ga. panels anchored (5) screws through face at bottom edge intp 16 ga. base rail, and with (3) screws through face each vertical top edge fits inside top panel (trapped)

Load = 19.62(106.17) = 2082.8 lbs Screw Load = 2082.8/2(5+3) = 130.17 lbs

OK for Components and Cladding

Remaining panels are trivial cases of the above due to greater fastener negative pressure effects. nents and Cladding
ner quantity or having openings that limit

over cooling coils. inside panel to short base rail at air handler end. Opposite end is louvered and For connection of upper frame and panels to base rails:

16 screws each long side fasten frame posts and 22 ga. (min) panels to the long 16 ga. base rails. 6 screws fasten has a large opening in the top and mesh

Overturning Moment = 8396.6(53.625)/2 = 225134 in-lb Lateral Wind Area = AL = 114.35(53.625)/12(12) = 42.58 sqft Lateral Design Load = 42.58(197.18) = 8296.6 lbs

Uplift Wind Area = AU = 114.35(61.61)/12(12) = 48.92 sqft.
Uplift Design Load = 48.92(95.41) = 4667.9 lbs

Screw Load = (225134 + 143794)/16(61.61) = 374.3 lbs (shear) Safety Factor = 927/374.3 = 2.5 OK for Components and Cladding

mounting arrangement and all factory supplied assembly fasteners are in place. Unit itself will withstand wind loads imposed by 197.18 psf lateral and 95.41 psf uplift design pressures provided the 16 ga. galvanized base rails are properly fastened to a suitable slab, stand, curb, curb adapter, or other suitable

structural concrete (by others):

For convection of 16 gp. (min) straps, clips, or brackets spaced 28" min apa Using 1/4" (#14) self-drilling screws: Pullout Strength in 16 ga. = 573 lbs (ultimate) irt to unit-base rails on long sides

Shear Strength in 16 ga. = 1389 lbs (ultimate)

Using (3) screws per strap, clip, or bracket, with (4) straps, clips, or brackets eac Screw Load = (261159 + 129369)/3(4)(63.375) = 513.5 lbs (shear) at base rail Safety Factor = 1389/513.5 = 2.7, clips, or brackets each long side: ibs (shear) at base rail outer surface OK for Components and Cladding

For (4) Z-BYRCKELS GRALL IVAND (min) curb (by others):

Shear Strength in 18 ga. = 1218 lbs (ultimate)

Screw Load = (261159 + 129369)/3(4)(53.81) = 604.8 lbs (shear) at curb inside surface

OK for Components and Cladding For (4) Z-Brackets each long side similar to Micrometl design but modified to eliminate hidden structural

For quantity (4) angle clips 3.25" wide x 2" x 2-1/2", 16 ga. (min), spaced 28" Anchor Load = (261159 + 129369)/4(64.125) = 1522.6 lbs (tension) Anchor Load = 9103.6/8 = 1138.0 lbs (shear) at 3/4" beyond base rail outer surfi Ce (min) on-center each long side:

For 3/8" SAE Gr. 5 bolts with nuts and washers to steel (by others): Safety Factor = 3720/1522.6 = 2.4 (tension) OK Safety Factor = 1937/1138.0 = 1.7 (shear)

For 3/8" Powers Wedge-Bolt + anchors with 2-1/8" (min) embedment into 200 4" (min) thick, 2-3/4" (min) edge distance, and 2-1/2" (min) spacing:

Safety Factor = 3000/1522.6 = 2.0 (tension)

OK 10 psi (min) concrete (by others),

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Uplift Moment = 4667.9(61.61)/2 = 143794 in-lb

For connection of unit base rails to properly designed curb, metal stand, or Lateral Wind Area = AL = 115.875(57.375)/12(12) = 46.17 sqft

Lateral Design Load = 346.17(197.18) = 9103.6 lbs

Overturning Moment = 9103.6(57.375)/2 = 261159 in-lb

Uplift Wind Area = AU = 115.875(63.375)/12(12) = 51.00 sqft

Uplift Design Load = 51.00(95.41) - 0.6(1305) = 4082.6 lbs

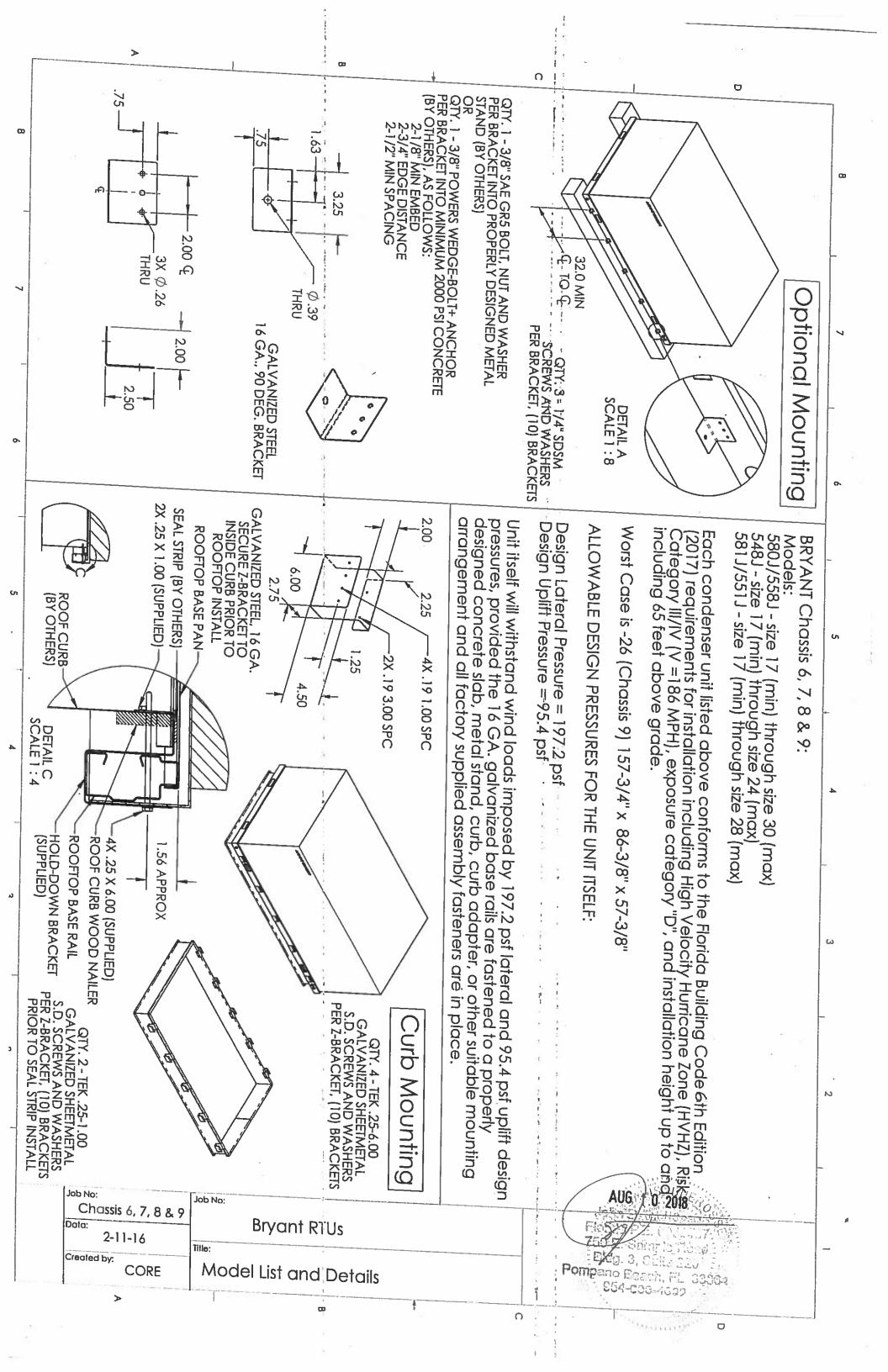
Uplift Moment = 4082.6(63.375)/2 = 129369 in-lb

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(shear)

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Design Uplift Pressure = UL(0.6) = 95.4 psfLateral Wind Pressure = WL = qz(3.1) = 328.6 psfUplift Wind Pressure = UL = qz(1.5) = 159.0 psfFactoring in the required Load Combination factor (0.6): Design Lateral Pressure = WL(0.6) = 197.2 psfDesign Pressures complying to FBC Building 1620.6 (HVHZ): V = 186 mph (Risk Cat. III/IV), For Exp.Cat. "D" and Z = 65 ft,  $Qz = .00256K_ZK_ZtKdV2 = 106.0$  psf Using 1620.6, Rational Analysis: Worst case is - 24 (Chassis 9) 157-3/4" x 86-3/8" x 57-3/8" Kz = 1.33, Kzt = 1.0, Kd = 0.90

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Since positive pressure acts toward the surface being considered and negative pressure acts away, only the uplift pressure will remove a panel from the machine. The design lateral pressure which is considered to act toward the windward surface is recognized to be a combination of the pressures acting on the windward and leeward surfaces. Wall pressure coefficients from ASCE7-10, Chapter 27, Figure 27.4-1 may be used to distribute the Design Lateral Pressure into positive and negative componenets acting on the windward and leeward surfaces, respectively.

L/B = 86.375/157.75 = 0.55 for wind on long (157-3/4") side L/B = 157.75/86.375 = 1.83 for wind on short (86-3/8") side

Worst case positive pressure coefficient is 0.8 for windward wall which has a corresponding negative pressure coefficient of 0.5 on the leeward wall. The worst case negative pressure coefficient is 0.7 for the sidewall (side parallel to wind). Since the windward and leeward wall pressures act in the same direction, the distibuted pressures are computed as follows:

Lateral Positive Design Pressure = 197.18 (0.8) / (0.8 + 0.5) = 121.34 lb/ft2 (Worst Case Positve) Lateral Negative Design Pressure = 197.18 (0.5) / (0.8 + 0.5) = 75.84 lb/ft2 (Worst Case Negative) Sidewall Negative Design Pressure = 197.18 (0.7) / (0.8 + 0.5) = 106.17 lb/ft2 (Worst Case Negative)

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22, 20, and 18 ga. panels and columns are fastened together and to 16 ga. base rails using #10 serrated washer head self tapping screws having 0.425" head diameter, 0.19" nominal diameter, and 0.14 minor diameter. These screws are expected to exhibit the following properties based upon ICC-ES Report ESR-2196:

Pullout Strength in 22 ga. = 306 lbs (ultimate) Pullout Strength in 20 ga. = 351 lbs (ultimate) Pullover Strength of 22 ga. = 828 lbs (ultimate) Pullover Strength of 20 ga. = 993 lbs (ultimate) Shear Strength in 22 ga. = 684 lbs (ultimate) Shear Strength in 20 ga. = 684 lbs (ultimate) Pullout Strength in 18 ga. = 450 lbs (ultimate) Shear Strength in 16 ga. = 927 lbs (ultimate)

condenser section has three large holes in the top causing internal and external pressure to be equal. For Top Panel Assembly (50HE500275 and 50HE500276 joined using 6 screws): 85.0" x 82.5" draw formed 20 ga. assembly anchored at edges and through top to 16 ga. center panel, 18 ga. end panel assembly, 20 ga. side panels, and 18 ga. control box. This portion is over air handler section and is worst case since

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For 8 (min) screws each 85.0" side into 18 ga. (min) panels and 12 screws each 82.5" side into 20 ga. (min) side panels: Screw Load = 4646.3/2(8 + 12) = 116.2 lbs

Safety Factor = 684/116.2 = 5.9

OK for Components and Cladding A = 85.0(82.5)/12(12) = 48.70 sqftLoad = 48.70 (95.41) = 4646.3 lbs

OK for Components and Cladding

For End Panel Assembly (50HE500719 and 50HE500762 joined together using 7 screws):
73.0" x 53.5" draw formed 18 ga. panel anchored at edges with 5 screws through top panel into face at top, 5 screws each vertical edge face into 22 ga. (min) corner posts, and 5 screws at 3/8" inch above bottom edge through panel into base rail.

A = 73.0(53.5)/12(12) = 27.12 sqft Load = 27.12(106.17) = 2879.5 lbs Screw Load = 2879.5/2(5+5) = 143.97 Safety Factor = 306/143.97 = 2.1 Sql

Remaining panels are trivial cases of the above due to pressure effects. greater fastener quantity or having

OK for Components and Cladding

For Access Panel (50HE500423): 53.30" x 25.61" draw formed 22 ga. panel anchored with 3 screws through face each vertical side, 2 screws through face at bottom edge into 16 ga. base rail, and top edge fits inside top panel (trapped).

Load = 9.81(106.17) = 1041.4 lbs Screw Load = 1041.4/2(3 + 3) = 86.78Safety Factor = 306/86.78 = 3.5

A = 53.5(26.4)/12(12) = 9.81 sqft

OK for Components and Cladding

openings that limit negative

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Job No:

Created by:

Data:

Chassis 6, 7, 8 & 9

1-08-16

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For connection of upper frame and panels to base rails:
12 screws each long side fasten frame posts and 20 ga. (min) panels to the long 16 ga. base rails. 8 screws fasten inside panel to short base rail at air handler end. Opposite end is louvered and has a large opening in

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Overturning Moment = 11454.9(53.625)/2 = 307135 in-lb Lateral Wind Area = AL = 156.0(53.625)/12(12) = 58.09 sqftLateral Design Load = 58.09(197.18) = 11454.9 lbs

Uplift Wind Area = AU = 156.0(85.0)/12(12) = 92.08 sqft Uplift Design Load = 92.08(95.41) = 8785.7 lbs Uplift Moment = 8785.7(85.0)/2 = 373391 in-lb

Screw Load = (307135 + 373391)/(16 + 8)(85.0) = 333.6 lbs (shear) Safety Factor = 927/333.6 = 2.8 OK for for Components and Cladding

Unit itself will withstand wind loads imposed by 197.18 psf lateral and 95.41 psf uplift design pressures provided the 16 gage galvanized base rails are properly fastened to a suitable slab, stand, curb, curb adapter, or other suitable mounting arrangement and all factory supplied assembly fasteners are in place. Unit itself will withstand wind loads imposed by 197.18 psf lateral

For connection of unit base rails to properly designed curb, metal stand, or structural concrete

Lateral Design Load = 62.85(197.18) = 12393.5 lbs Overturning Moment = 12393.5(57.375)/2 = 355537 in-lb Uplift Wind Area = AU = 157.75(86.375)/12(12) = 94.6 sqft Uplift Design Load = 94.6(95.41) - 0.6(2248) = 7679.1 lbs Uplift Moment = 7679.1(76.875)/2 = 295167 in-lb Lateral Wind Area = AL = 157.75(57.375)/12(12) = 62.85 sqft

For connection of 16 ga. (min) straps, clips, or brackets spaced 32" (min) apart to unit base rails Using 1/4" (#14) self-drilling screws:

Pullout Strength in 16 ga. = 573 lbs (ultimate) Shear Strength in 16 ga. = 1389 lbs (ultimate)

Using (3) screws per strap, clip, or bracket, with 5 straps, clips, or brackets each long side:

Screw Load = (355537 + 295167)/3(5)(86.375) = 502.3 lbs (shear) at base rail outer surface

Safety Factor = 1389/502.3 = 2.8

OK for Components and Cladding

For (5) Z-Brackets each long side similar to Micrometl design but structural fasteners anchored to 18 ga. (min) curb (by others): modified to eliminate hidden

Shear Strength in 18 ga. = 1218 lbs (ultimate)

Screw Load = (355537 + 295167)/3(5)(76.875) = 564.3 lbs (shear) at Safety Factor = 1218/564.3 = 2.2 OK for ( t curb inside surface Components and Cladding

For quantity (5) angle clips 3.25" wide x 2" x 2-1/2", 16 ga. (min), paced 32" (min), on-center

Anchor Load = (355537 + 295167)/5(87.125) = 1493.8 lbs (tension) Anchor Load = 12393.5/10 = 1239.4 lbs (shear) at 3/4" beyond base ail outer surface

For 3/8" SAE Gr. 5 bolts with nuts and washers to steel (by others)
Safety Factor = 3720/1493.8 = 2.5 (tension)
OK
Safety Factor = 1937/1239.4 = 1.6 (shear)
OK

For 3/8" Powers Wedge-Bolt + anchors with concrete (by others), 4" (min) thick, 2-3/4" (n Safety Factor = 3000/1493.8 = 2.0 (tension) Safety Factor = 3100/1239.4 = 2.5 (shear) " (min) edge distance, s OK OK 2-1/8" (min) embedment into 2000 psi (min) min) edge distance, and 2-1/2" (min) spacing:

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Job No: Bryant RTUs Model List and Details

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